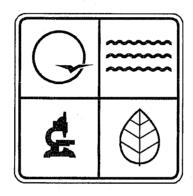


MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES



INITIAL SITE SCREENING

KANSAS CITY RECORDS CENTER JACKSON COUNTY

B07MO0152 0703320 PECEVED

SEP 28 2000

SUPERFUND DIVISION

September 11, 2000

126136



S00125701 SUPERFUND RECORDS

I. SITE NAME AND LO	CATION			
NAME: Kansas City Records Center		ALIAS: GSA		
ADDRESS OR OTHER LOC	ATION IDENTIFIER: 601-607 H	ardesty		·
CITY: Kansas City	COUNTY: Jackson	STATE: MO		ZIP: 64124
DIRECTIONS TO SITE: East from downtown Kansas City on Independence Avenue to Hardesty Avenue. The site occupies the southeast corner of the intersection of Hardesty and Independence Avenue (6 th Street).				
			MAP ATTACHE	ED: <u>x</u>
II. SITE REFERRAL IN	FORMATION			
REFERRED BY: Diana Baile	ey, USEPA		DATE OF REFE	ERRAL: October 1, 1999
REASON FOR REFERRAL (if applicable): State concurren	ce with USACE N	NOFA determina	tion
MAILING ADDRESS: 901 No	orth 5 th Street			
CITY: Kansas City STATE: KS ZIP: 66101		ZIP: 66101		
TELEPHONE: (913) 551-7717 FAX		FAX: (913) 55	1-7145	
III. SITE INFORMATIO	N .			
TYPE OF FACILITY: Quartermaster Depot and Records TYPE OF OWNERSHIP: GSA and corporate			and corporate	
OWNER NAME, MAILING A	DDRESS: USGSA Public Build	ing Service, 1500	East Bannister	Rd.
CITY: Kansas City	TY: Kansas City STATE: MO		ZIP: 64131	
TELEPHONE: 816-823-2227 (Dave Hartshorn) FAX		FAX:		
OPERATOR NAME (if differ MAILING ADDRESS:	ent from owner),			
CITY:		STATE:		ZIP:
TELEPHONE:		FAX:		
CURRENT SITE STATUS: Idle, GSA, private		YEARS OF OPERATION: 1940-present		

OPERATIONAL HISTORY: 21.795 acres acquired November 26, 1940, plus two leases containing 2.58 acres. The property was used as the Quartermaster Depot during WWII. Three buildings were on the property at time of purchase. Between 1940 and 1943, 15 more buildings were constructed. The property was transferred to General Services Administration October 1, 1960. In 1980 Buildings 1 and 2 were sold to Megaspace, Ltd. Buildings 4, 12, 14, 15, 16, 18, and 19 were razed at some time. All other buildings remained in GSA's custody in 1991 when the USACE conducted an inventory project and determined that there was no evidence of unsafe debris, hazardous or toxic waste or unexploded ordnance resulting from DoD use of the site. Phase I Environmental Site Assessment was completed in 1999 for GSA by Terracon. Three USTs were removed in 2000.

IV. CERCLA APPLICABILITY			
1. IS THERE A RELEASE AS DEFINED BY THE NCP	YES <u>x</u>	N	0
EXPLAIN: Petroleum contamination discovered during UST removal in 2000.			
(A RELEASE is defined as any spilling, leaking, pumping, pouring, emitting, emptying, discharging, injecting, esca disposing into the environment (including the abandonment of barrels, containers, and other closed receptacles c substances or pollutant or contaminant), but excludes: workplace exposures; engine exhaust emissions; nuclear and the normal application of fertilizer. For purposes of the NCP, release also means threat of release.[40 CFR 300]	ontaining a releases o	any hazard	ous
2. IS THE SOURCE A FACILITY OR VESSEL AS DEFINED BY THE NCP?	YES	<u>k</u> N	10
EXPLAIN: Release of petroleum from USTs.			
(A FACILITY is defined as any building, structure, installation, equipment, pipe or pipeline (including any pipe into pond, lagoon, impoundment, ditch, landfill, storage container, motor vehicle, rolling stock, or aircraft or any site or substance has been deposited, stored, disposed of, or placed, or otherwise come to be located; but does not inclu consumer use or any vessel. A VESSEL is defined as any description of watercraft or other artificial contrivance uses a means of transportation on water other than a public vessel. [40 CFR 300.410(e)]	area, whe	ere a hazaro nsumer pro	lous duct in
3. DOES THE RELEASE INVOLVE EITHER A HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, POLLUTANT OR CONTAMINANT AS DEFINED BY THE NCP?	YES	NC) <u>x</u>
EXPLAIN: Release of a petroleum product from USTs.			
Troisease of a petroiseant product from Gots.			
(A HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE means any substance, element, compound, mixture, solution, hazardous waste, tox pollutant, or imminently hazardous chemical substance or mixture designated pursuant to the CWA, CERCLA, SDI does not include petroleum products, natural gas, natural gas liquids, liquefied natural gas, synthetic gas or mixture gas. The definition of POLLUTANT or CONTAMINANT includes, but is not limited to, any element, substance, complisease-causing agents, which after release into the environment and upon exposure, ingestion, inhalation, or asseither directly from the environment or indirectly by ingestion through food chains, will or may reasonably be anticed behavioral abnormalities, cancer, genetic mutation, physiological malfunctions or physical deformations, in such that term does not include petroleum products, natural gas, natural gas liquids, liquefied natural gas, synthetic gas synthetic gas.).[40 CFR 300.410(e)]	WA, CAA ores of nate pound, or imilation is inpated to organisms	or TSCA. To ural and syn mixture, ind nto any org cause deat or their off	he term nthetic cluding ranism, h, disease, fspring.
4. IS THE RELEASE SUBJECT TO THE LIMITATIONS ON RESPONSE?	YES	NO	O_x
EXPLAIN:			
(The LIMITATIONS ON RESPONSE provisions of the NCP (40 CFR 300.400(B) states that removals shall not be underelease: of a naturally occurring substance in its unaltered or natural form; from products that are a part of the structures within, residential buildings or business or community structures; or into public or private drinking water of the system through ordinary use.).[40 CFR 300.410(e)]	ucture of,	and result i	in

IV. CERCLA APPLICABILITY (continued)
5. IS THERE A POTENTIAL FOR OTHER FEDERAL OR STATE RESPONSE MECHANISMS? YES NO
IF SO, IDENTIFY THE APPROPRIATE PROGRAM:
RCRA NRC FIFRA _x_ UST _x_ OTHER FEDERAL (<u>USACE</u>) OTHER STATE DEFERRAL STATE VCP
EXPLAIN: Formerly Used Defense Site
V. PATHWAY EVALUATION
1. SOURCE AND WASTE CHARACTERISTICS (known or suspected)
SOURCE TYPES AND LOCATIONS: Petroleum hydrocarbons from USTs between Buildings 10 and 7.
SIZE OF SOURCES:
WASTE TYPES AND QUANTITIES: Unknown quantity of petroleum hydrocarbons
HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES PRESENT:
2. GROUNDWATER USE AND CHARACTERISTICS WITHIN FOUR MILES
GENERAL HYDROLOGY: See attached Phase I Environmental Site Assessment
ARE KARST FEATURES PRESENT ON OR NEAR SITE:
DEPTH TO SHALLOWEST GROUNDWATER:
GROUNDWATER WELLS WITHIN 4 MILES:
PRIVATE WELLS MUNICIPAL WELLS
INDUSTRIAL/AGRICULTURAL WELLS
LOCATIONS AND POPULATIONS SERVED (if known):
DISTANCE TO NEAREST DRINKING WATER WELL:
3. SURFACE WATER USE AND CHARACTERISTICS
IS SITE IN A FLOOD PLAIN: No IF YES: 10 YEAR 100 YEAR 500 YEAR
DISTANCE TO NEAREST SURFACE WATER; IF WITHIN TWO MILES, FILL OUT SURFACE WATER PATHWAY
LIST SURFACE WATER BODIES WITHIN 15 DOWNSTREAM MILES:

DRINKING WATER INTAKES PRESENT WITHIN 15 DOWNSTREAM MILES:	YES NO
IF YES, LIST LOCATIONS AND POPULATIONS SERVED (if known):	
ARE FISHERIES, SENSITIVE ENVIRONMENTS OR WETLANDS PRESENT WITHIN 15 DOWNSTREAM MILES:	YESNO
(List significant features, if known or applicable):	
4. SOIL AND AIR EXPOSURE CHARACTERISTICS	
NUMBER OF PEOPLE LIVING WITHIN 200 FEET OF SITE:	
SCHOOLS OR DAYCARES WITHIN 200 FEET OF SITE:	
GENERAL POPULATION WITHIN 4 MILES (rural, small city, heavy urban area, etc.): Urban	n area
NUMBER OF WORKERS ON-SITE:	
ARE ANY TERRESTRIAL SENSITIVE ENVIRONMENTS AND/OR WETLANDS PRESENT ON-SITE:	YES NO
IS SITE ACCESS RESTRICTED:	YESNO
VI. SUPERFUND SITE SCREENING CRITERIA	
1. DOES THE QUANTITY OR CONCENTRATION OF HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES WARRANT RESPONSE?	YES NO _x
EXPLAIN:	
[40 CFR 300.410(e)]	
2. HAS A PRP BEEN IDENTIFIED?	YESNO
EXPLAIN:	
[40 CFR 300.410(e)]	
3. IS THERE AN ACTUAL OR POTENTIAL EXPOSURE TO HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES	YES <u>x</u> NO
POLLUTANTS, OR CONTAMINANTS?	
EXPLAIN: Historic contamination exists from operation of USTs.	

4. IS THERE AN ACTUAL OR A POTENTIAL THREAT FOR CONTAMINATION	YES	NO
OF DRINKING WATER SUPPLIES?		
EXPLAIN:		
5. ARE THERE HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES, POLLUTANTS, OR CONTAMINANTS	YES	NO
IN DRUMS, BARRELS, OR BULK STORAGE CONTAINERS?		
EXPLAIN:		
6. ARE THERE HIGH LEVELS OF HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES, POLLUTANTS, OR CONTAMINANTS IN SURFACE SOILS?	YES	NO
EXPLAIN:		
("High levels" may be determined by streamlined risk assessments, health consultations, state or federal soil scr Superfund program policies or directives.)	eening criteria, an	d/or
7. ARE THERE CONDITIONS ON SITE WHICH MAY BE SUSCEPTIBLE TO	YES	NO
IMPACT FROM ADVERSE WEATHER CONDITIONS?		
EXPLAIN:		
8. IS THERE A THREAT OF FIRE OR EXPLOSION?	YES	NO
EXPLAIN:		
		e .

9. ARE THERE OTHER SITUATIONS OR FACTORS WHICH WARRANT FURTHER YES NO SUPERFUND RESPONSE?					
EXPLA	EXPLAIN:				
				· -	
VII. S	UPERFUND SITE SCREENING FINDINGS AN	D RECOMMENDATIO	 NS		
	NO FURTHER SUPERFUND RESPONSE ACTION REWARRANTED	EQUIRED - SUPERFUND	CERCLIS ENTR	Y NOT	
Cite the	appropriate criteria below as the basis for the above	determination.			
** 14 4 ** 1	NO RELEASE OR THREAT OF RELEASE	NO AIR PATHWAY	THREAT		
	NOT A FACILITY OR VESSEL	NO THREAT OF FIR	RE OR EXPLOSI	ON	
	NO ACTUAL OR POTENTIAL EXPOSURE THREATS	DRUMS, BARRELS PRESENT	OR BULK CON	TAINERS NOT	
	NO GROUNDWATER PATHWAY THREAT	SITE NOT SUSCEP' WEATHER CONDIT		RSE	
	NO SURFACE WATER PATHWAY THREAT	SITE SUBJECT TO	RESPONSE LIV	ITATIONS	
	NO DIRECT SOIL EXPOSURE PATHWAY THREAT	WILLING/CAPABLE	PRP RESPONS	SE .	
100	NO HIGH LEVELS OF CONTAMINANTS IN SURFACE SOILS	REFERRED TO ANO	OTHER PROGRA	ΔM	
COMM	ENTS:				

V	VII. SUPERFUND SITE SCREENING FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS (continued)					
		MOVAL ACTION RECOMMENDED:EMERG				
	Cite one or more of the conditions or factors below as a basis for recommending that a removal action be conducted.					
		EXPOSURE TO HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES OR POLLUTANTS OR CONTAMINANTS		ADVERSE WEATHER IN	IPACTS	
		CONTAMINATED DRINKING WATER		FIRE/EXPLOSION THRE	AT	
		CONTAMINATED SOIL		NO OTHER RESPONSE	MECHANISM	
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		DRUMS, BARRELS OR CONTAINERS		OTHER FACTORS		
C	MMC	ENTS:				
			*			
(C	omple	te Removal Evaluation Form for sites recommended for a Removal	Action	n.)		
х	AD	DITIONAL INTEGRATED ASSESSMENT REC	OM!	MENDED		
Ci	te th	e appropriate criteria below as a basis for recommen	ding	that additional site evalua	ation be performed.	
	ж	THERE HAS BEEN A RELEASE OF HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES, POLLUTANTS OR CONTAMINANTS		DRUMS, BARRELS OR OMAY BE, PRESENT	CONTAINERS ARE, OR	
		THERE IS A GROUNDWATER PATHWAY THREAT	х	CONTAMINANTS MAY E SUFFICIENT QUANTITY CONCENTRATION		
		THERE IS A SURFACE WATER PATHWAY THREAT		THERE IS AN ACTUAL O	OR POTENTIAL	
	x	THERE IS A DIRECT SOIL EXPOSURE PATHWAY THREAT		THERE IS, OR MAY BE, EXPLOSION	A THREAT OF FIRE OR	
		THERE ARE, OR MAY BE, HIGH LEVELS OF CONTAMINANTS IN SURFACE SOILS		THE SITE IS SUSCEPTIIN WEATHER CONDITIONS		
		THERE IS AN AIR PATHWAY THREAT		THERE ARE NO WILLIN WILLING TO RESPOND		
		THERE ARE ENDANGERED SPECIES, WETLANDS, OR OTHER SENSITIVE ENVIRONMENTS WHICH MAY BE IMPACTED BY THE SITE	x	CERCLA "LIMITATIONS PROVISIONS DO NOT A		

ADDIT	IONAL INTEGRATED ASSES	SMENT RECOM	MENDED (co	ntinued)	
	THERE ARE NO OTHER FEDERA OTHER RESPONSE MECHANISM TO INVESTIGATE THE SITE				
	OTHER (DESCRIBE):				
A closure contamir investiga	DDITIONAL INFORMATION Ce of 3 USTs was conducted by Cape nated soil overexcavated and a recoration was anticipated for October 200 anducted.	Environmental Mana nmendation was mad	de to further inve	estigate the site. Fundir	ng for further
PREPARE NAME <u>J</u>	ED BY: im Thaxter	SIGNATURE:	in fleet		DATE: 9-26-00
REVIEWE		SIGNATURE:			DATE:
APPROVI	ED BY:	SIGNATURE:			DATE:

	EPA USE ONLY	
IX. DETERMINATION	More To CERCLIS	
SIGNATURE: Viana 9	Baily	DATE: 10/24/00

.

AVENUE HARDEST

KANSAS CITY RECORDS CENTER Jackson County 0703320 B07MO0152

Initial Site Screening Missouri Department of Natural Resources

INTRODUCTION:

The Missouri Department of Natural Resources, through a Cooperative Agreement with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), conducted a pre-CERCLIS (Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Information System) Site Screening at the Kansas City Records Center. The purpose of the investigation was to determine whether the site is eligible for entry onto CERCLIS, EPA's inventory of potential hazardous substance sites that are evaluated under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA).

The Records Center was a quartermaster depot and records storage facility built by the United States War Department during World War II. Its use was discontinued in 1960. An Inventory Project Report was completed by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers in 1990. That report determined that the site had been formerly used by the Department of Defense (DoD) and was eligible for the Defense Environmental Restoration Program-Formerly Used Defense Sites. The report determined that the General Services Administration (GSA) had beneficially reused the property and that a building demolition and removal project was not appropriate action for the DoD.

Jim Thaxter of the Department of Natural Resources visited the site on June 13, 2000 and found buildings that were idle and that were occupied, but not open for business. Also observed was an area of excavation in the center of the facility between buildings 7 and 10. The area was roped off. It appeared that an area approximately 30 feet by 30 feet had been excavated and refilled with gravel.

LOCATION:

The site is located east of the downtown Kansas City, Missouri area on the southeast corner of the intersection of Hardesty Street and Independence Avenue (6^{th} Street). The site occupies most of the city block, being bordered on the south by railroad tracks.

PRESENT OWNER:

General Services Administration Public Building Service 1500 East Bannister Road Kansas City, Missouri 64131

HISTORY:

21.795 acres were acquired on November 26, 1940, plus two leases containing 2.58 acres. The facility was used as a Quartermaster Depot during WWII. Three buildings were on the property at the time of purchase. Between 1940 and 1943, 15 more buildings were constructed. The site was transferred to General Services Administration October 1, 1960. In 1980 Buildings 1 and 2 were sold to Megaspace, Ltd. Buildings 4, 12, 14, 15, 16, 18, and 19 were razed at some time. All other buildings remained in GSA's custody in 1991 when the USACE conducted an inventory project and determined that there was no evidence of unsafe debris, hazardous or toxic waste or unexploded ordnance resulting from DoD use of the site. A Phase I Environmental Site Assessment was completed in 1999 for GSA by Terracon. In that report, it was noted that Building 6 had been used by the Army to impregnate uniforms with a chemical to make them resistant to gas attack. Tanks that were located next to Building 6 were used to store chemicals used in the impregnating process. It was not determined if these were UST or AST. Three USTs were removed in 2000 by Cape Environmental Management, Inc. between buildings 7 and 10.

CURRENT PROPERTY DESCRIPTION:

Seven buildings are currently part of the GSA facility and are or have been used by various federal agencies for office and storage space. Two buildings belong to Megaspace, Ltd. No records of environmental assessment were provided for the condition of those two buildings prior to their sale.

Contamination from petroleum hydrocarbons is in the ground where three underground storage tanks were removed in 2000. During a Phase I Environmental Site Assessment conducted in 1999, Terracon found transformer substations in buildings 10, 11, and 13, with one in Building 10 labeled as PCB-contaminated. Several buildings were identified as having transite siding (an asbestos-containing material). Records indicate that three other storage tanks existed near Building 3 that were removed in 1988. No records were produced concerning reported leakage and remediation of the area around one of those tanks (178,000-gallon capacity). According to a Center Plot Plan, one 1,000-gallon diesel fuel oil UST was located west of Building 3; one 1,500-gallon fuel oil UST was located east of former Building 20; three tanks were depicted south of Building 6. The Plot Plan did not indicate whether these last three tanks were USTs or ASTs. There were no records reviewed for this report on assessment or remediation around these tanks.

STATUS OF USACE DECISIONS CONCERNING THE SITE:

The US Army Corps of Engineers has determined that the site is eligible for funding under the Defense Environmental Restoration Program-Formerly Used Defense Sites.

ELIGIBILITY OF SITE UNDER THE USACE FUDS PROGRAM:

The Army formerly owned the Kansas City Records Center.

OBVIOUS POTENTIAL HUMAN AND ECOLOGICAL RECEPTORS:

Potential human receptors:

- 1. On-site workers
- 2. Neighbors in the residential area surrounding the Center
- 3. Children in the day care center across the street from the Center

Potential ecological receptors:

- 1. Soil exposed to petroleum products
- 2. Surface water courses

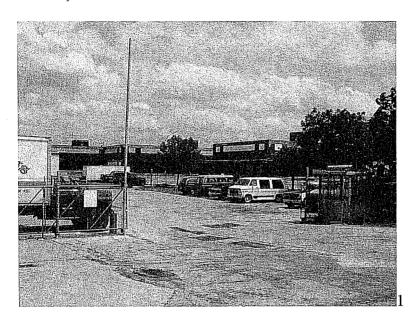
CONCLUSIONS:

Contamination exists on the site from storage of petroleum products in USTs in the area of Building 7. Contamination may also exist in other areas of petroleum and chemical storage. Buildings contain asbestos materials. Without documentation to the contrary, the petroleum contamination is the responsibility of DERP-FUDS. Contamination may exist at other areas of the Center as a result of usage since acquisition by GSA.

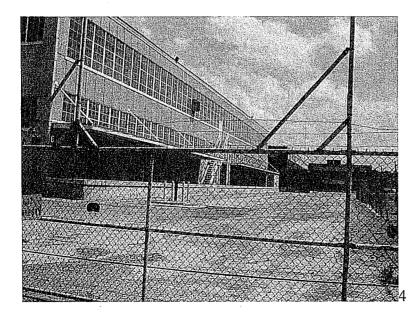
ACTIONS REQUIRED:

Further assessment needs to be done to characterize the extent of petroleum contamination. Buildings need to be assessed for stability of asbestos-containing materials. Transformers need to be examined for the presence of PCBs. The chemical used to impregnate uniforms needs to be identified and the area of chemical storage near Building 6 assessed for contamination from this chemical.

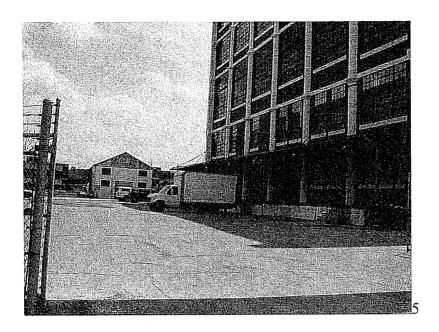
Kansas City Records Center 601 Hardesty Kansas City, Missouri Photos by Jim Thaxter, MDNR June 13, 2000



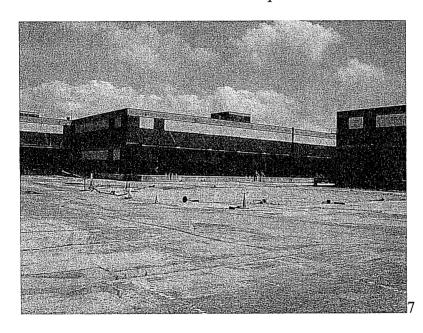
View east from the west entrance on Hardesty Street. Building 10 on the right, Building 9 on the left.



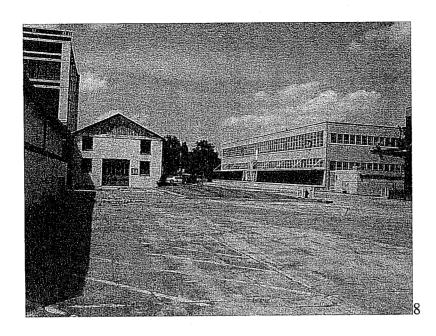
View south from Independence Avenue. The back of Building 6 is in the foreground, Building 9 is in the background.



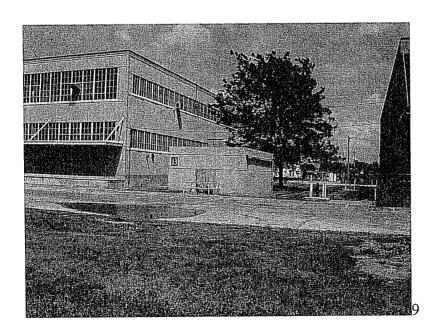
View into the north entrance from Independence Avenue. Building 2 is on the right.



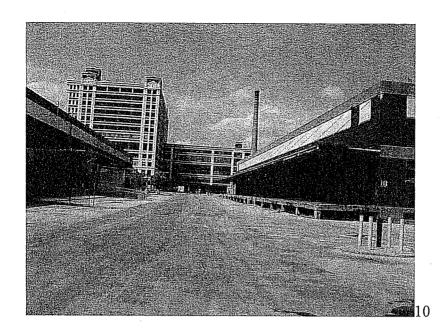
View to southeast. Corner of Building 10 is on the right, Building 9 is in the center and left. Excavated area of underground storage tank removal is in the center.



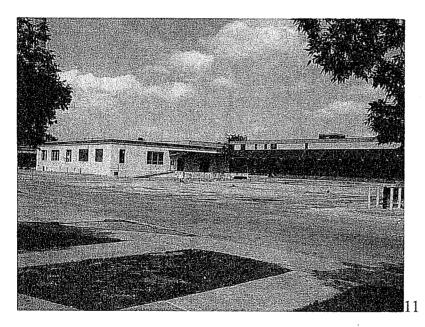
View north. Building 7 is on the left, Building 3A is left center, Building 6 is right center, and Building 13 is in south of and adjacent to Building 6.



View east. Building 6 is two-story on the left, Building 13 in the center, Building 9 at the far right.



View north. Building 11 is far left, building 1 is the tallest, Building 2 is to the right of Building 1, Building 10 on the right.



View to the northeast. Building 7 on the left, Building 9 to the right. Excavated area of tank removal is south of Building 7.

REFERENCES

Reference No.	Reference Description
1.	Defense Environmental Restoration Program-Formerly Utilized Defense Sites (DERP-FUDS) Inventory Project Report; Findings of Fact and Determination of Department of Defense Responsibility, May 1990
2.	Phase I Environmental Site Assessment, Terracon, August 19, 1999
3.	Former Building 4 UST Closure Assessment Report, GSA Project RMO20490, Cape Environmental Management, Inc., June 23, 2000 (DNR file ST10970)
4.	Personal site visit by Jim Thaxter, MDNR, June 13, 2000

DEFENSE ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION PROGRAM
FOR FORMERLY USED DEFENSE SITES
FINDINGS AND DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY
KANSAS CITY RECORDS CENTER
KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI
PROJECT NO. B07M0015200

JEC 02 1995

FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. The former Kansas City Records Center is located at 601 Hardesty, in the City of Kansas City, Jackson County, Missouri.
- 2. On 26 November 1940, 21.795 acres of fee were acquired. Two leases containing 2.58 acres were purchased in order to facilitate a temporary tent camp site and for garage and parking space.
- 3. The subject property was utilized as a Quartermaster Depot by the War Department during World War II. In accordance with General Order No. 64, Department of the Army, dated 22 September 1948, the reservation name changed from Kansas City Quartermaster Depot to Kansas City Records Center. Three buildings were located on the property at the time the fee was purchased. Additional buildings were constructed and designated as buildings 4, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, and 20. The majority of these buildings were constructed between 1940 and 1943. The property remained under DOD control during the period of DOD interest and ownership.
- 4. The fee property, in respect to all functions of operation, maintenance and custody of all office buildings was transferred to the General Services Administration by a determination effective 1 October 1960, and was issued by the Director of the Bureau of Budget. GSA assumed care and custody of the property effective 1 October 1960. By Quitclaim Deed dated 1980 the United States, acting by and through GSA, conveyed buildings 1 and 2 to Megaspace, Ltd., a California limited partnership, for the sum of \$258,600. There were no restrictions, recapture clauses, provisions regarding restoration, or other pertinent provisions contained in the deed. Buildings numbered 4, 12, 14, 15, 16, 18, and 19 were razed.
- 5. Today, all other buildings remain in GSA's custody and are being beneficially used by an asundry of Government agencies. There is no evidence of unsafe debris, hazardous or toxic waste, or unexploded ordnance resulting from DOD use of this site.

Need discussion

DETERMINATION

Based on the foregoing Findings of Fact, the site has been determined to have been formerly used by DOD. However, the site has been beneficially used by GSA and the conditions of the former DOD structures is a result of poor maintenance procedures, and the deed requires that GSA maintain the structures in a safe and serviceable condition, and there is no evidence of unsafe conditions resulting from DOD use. Therefore, it is determined that an environmental restoration project is not an appropriate undertaking within the purview of the Defense Environmental Restoration Program, established under 10 U.S.C. 2701 et seg., for the reasons stated above.

11 m my 90

Date

EUGENE S. WITHERSPOON

Colonel, EN Commanding

DEFENSE ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION PROGRAM
FOR FORMERLY USED DEFENSE SITES
POLICY CONSIDERATIONS
KANSAS CITY RECORDS CENTER
KANSAS CITY. MISSOURI
PROJECT NO. B07M0015200

Current DOD Policy Considerations do not affect the determination of project eligibility for hazardous and toxic waste contamination evaluation under DERP. However, the deed requires GSA to maintain the structures in a safe and serviceable manner: therefore, the Kansas City Records Center is not eligible for debris removal.

CEMRK-ED-TD (200)

Ahern/hn/2608

June 28, 1990

Toxic and Hazardous Waste Management Branch

Mr. Art Collins General Service Administration 601-607 Hardesty Kansas City, Missouri 64124

Dear Mr. Collins:

Your property, the former Kansas City Records Center, has been evaluated for restoration eligibility under purview of the Defense Environmental Restoration Program.

The Department of Defense has determined that your property is not eligible for inclusion in the program (see enclosed Findings and Determination of Eligibility).

If you have any questions concerning this determination, please contact Mr. Dan Ahern, of my staff, at 816-426-2608.

Sincerely,

Paul D. Barber Chief, Engineering Division

Enclosure

CF: (wo/encl)

ED-X

Dist Read File

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Barber ED DEFENSE ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION PROGRAM
FOR FORMERLY USED DEFENSE SITES
FINDINGS AND DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY
KANSAS CITY RECORDS CENTER
KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI
PROJECT NO. B07M0015200

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- 4. The fee property, in respect to all functions of operation, maintenance and custody of all office buildings was transferred to the General Services Administration by a determination effective 1 October 1960, and was issued by the Director of the Bureau of Budget. GSA assumed care and custody of the property effective 1 October 1960. By Quitclaim Deed dated 1980 the United States, acting by and through GSA, conveyed buildings 1 and 2 to Megaspace, Ltd., a California limited partnership, for the sum of \$258,600. There were no restrictions, recapture clauses, provisions regarding restoration, or other pertinent provisions contained in the deed. Buildings numbered 4, 12, 14, 15, 16, 18, and 19 were razed.
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DETERMINATION

Based on the foregoing Findings of Fact, the site has been determined to have been formerly used by DOD. However, the site has been beneficially used by GSA and the conditions of the former DOD structures is a result of poor maintenance procedures, and the deed requires that GSA maintain the structures in a safe and serviceable condition, and there is no evidence of unsafe conditions resulting from DOD use. Therefore, it is determined that an environmental restoration project is not an appropriate undertaking within the purview of the Defense Environmental Restoration Program, established under 10 U.S.C. 2701 et seg., for the reasons stated above.

11 m Ay 90

Date

EUGENE S. WITHERSPOON

Colonel, EN Commanding

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